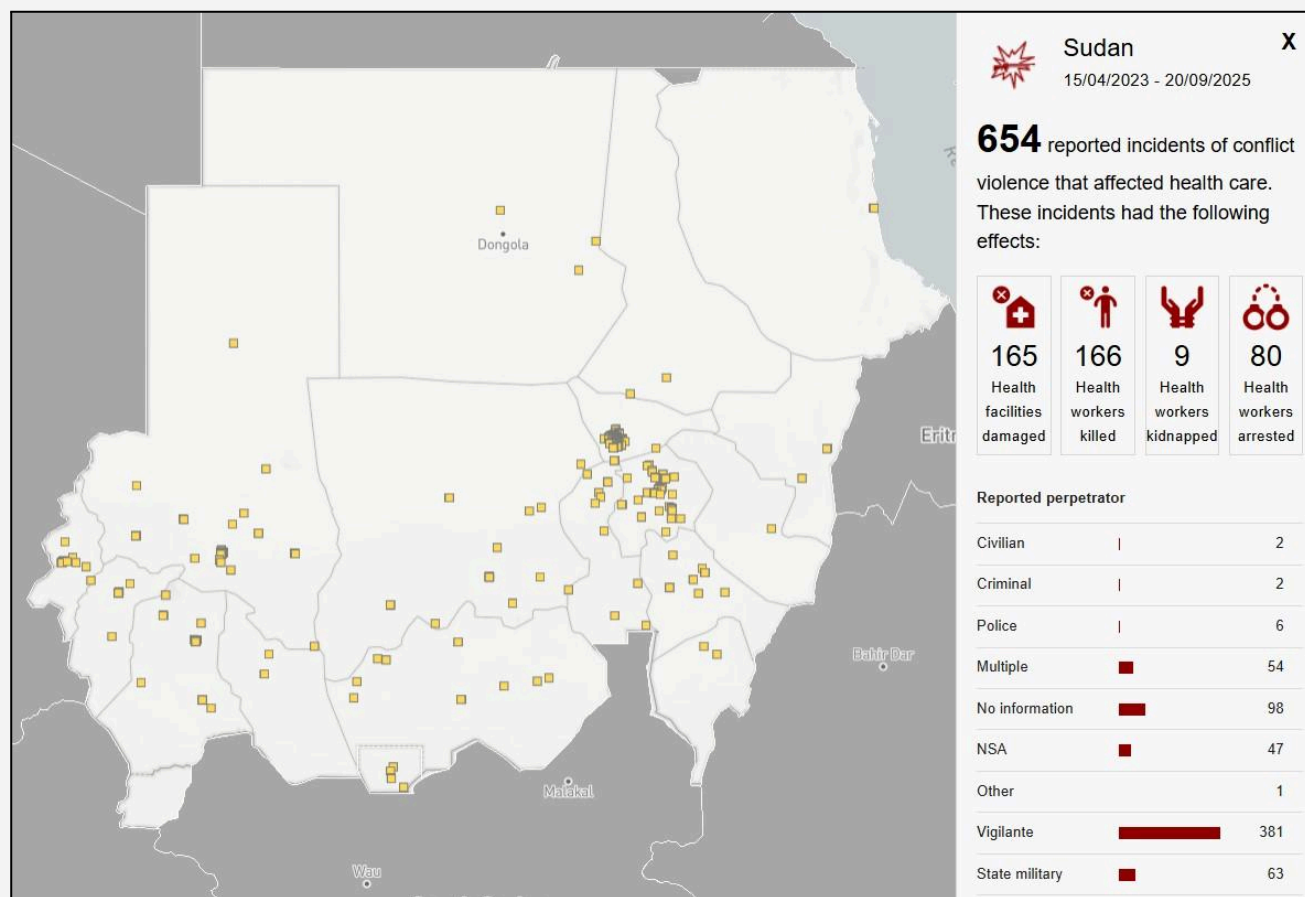


Attacks on Health Care in Sudan

01-14 October 2025



Insecurity Insight identified 654 incidents of violence against or obstruction of access to health care in Sudan since fighting started between the Sudan Armed Forces (SAF) and Rapid Support Forces (RSF) in April 2023 and 20 September 2025. During these incidents, 166 health workers were killed and 80 arrested. Health facilities were reportedly damaged 165 times. Most incidents were attributed to the RSF. Access [interactive map](#).



Help support the protection of health care by sharing this resource. Please copy and paste this link: <https://bit.ly/01-14Oct2025SDNHealth>

Past briefs: [17-30 September](#); [03-16 September](#); [20 August-02 September](#); [06-19 August](#); [23 July-05 August](#); [09-22 July](#); [25 June-08 July](#); [11-24 June](#); [28 May-10 June](#); [14-27 May](#); [30 April-13 May](#); [16-29 April](#); [02-15 April](#); [All](#)

SHCC factsheets (EN): [2023](#); [2022](#); [2021](#). (AR): [2023](#); [2022](#); [2021](#).

Join our [Sudan](#) mailing list for updates. Please [get in touch](#) to report an incident or if you have additional information on an incident we have reported on.

Documented incidents

05 October 2025: In El Obeid city, North Kordofan state, a governmental teaching hospital was damaged by a RSF drone attack carried out at midnight. **Source:** [Ultra Sudan](#)



05 October 2025: In El Obeid city, North Kordofan state, Al-Daman Hospital was damaged by a RSF drone attack carried out at midnight. **Source:** [Ultra Sudan](#)

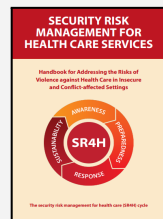
07 October 2025: In Al Daraja neighbourhood, El Fasher city, North Darfur state, the maternity ward of the Saudi Hospital for Women and Maternity was hit by RSF shelling with artillery in the evening, killing at least 13 people including children, and injuring 16 others. A female doctor and a nurse were among the injured and the hospital and its equipment was damaged. The hospital was the last functioning major medical facility in the city. **Sources:** [African Insider](#), [Africa News](#), [Al Arabiya](#), [Al Jazeera](#), [Anadolu Ajansı](#), [BBC](#), [Daily Sabah](#), [Macau Business](#), [New Age](#), [Sudanese Echo](#), [Sudans Post](#), [Sudan Tribune](#), [The New Arab](#), [TRT Africa](#), [UN I](#) and [UN II](#)

Other resources

According to the Safeguarding Health in Conflict Coalition (SHCC), incidents of violence against or obstruction of health care remained high across 15 of Sudan's 18 states in 2024, with sharp increases reported across Gezira, North Darfur and Sennar states from April to November. In North Darfur, reported incidents rose from ten in 2023 to over 70 in 2024, peaking between April and August during the RSF siege of El Fasher, the state capital, which saw health facilities damaged 37 times, mainly by RSF shelling, but also by SAF air strikes. Read the full factsheet in [Arabic](#) and [English](#). Download the report [data](#).



Health care provision has unique characteristics that shape its specific exposure to security risks in conflict zones. The Security Risk Management for Health Care (SR4H) Handbook – available in [Arabic](#), [English](#), [French](#) and [Spanish](#)– provides guidance on how to implement a range of actions intended to promote respectful and violence-free environments and prepare individuals or organisations to face and respond appropriately to violent incidents, also dealing with the aftermath of such events.



While this handbook is primarily aimed at health programme managers providing frontline services, it is also highly relevant for non-governmental organisations (NGOs) working with partners who implement healthcare services. The handbook helps to identify practical activities that local health partners can implement and that NGO partners can include in partnership agreements and budget for.



The SR4H Handbook brings together some of the best practices on security risk management and proposes a framework adapted for health care providers working with limited resources. The objective is to promote an approach that considers the safety and security of health professionals while ensuring patients' access to care.

This document comprises threats and violence as well as protests and other events affecting the delivery of and access to health care. It is part of the [Attacks on Health Care](#) project by [Insecurity Insight](#). It is prepared from information available in local, national and international news outlets and online databases. The incidents reported are not a complete nor a representative list of all events that affected the provision of health care and have not been independently verified. It is funded and supported by the Foreign, Commonwealth and Development Office (FCDO) of the UK government through the RIAH project at the Humanitarian and Conflict Response Institute at the University of Manchester and the Tides Foundation. The opinions expressed in it do not reflect in any way the position of the UK government or the Tides Foundation who are not responsible for the content expressed in this document.

Insecurity Insight. 2025. 01-14 October 2025. Violence against or obstruction of health care in Sudan. Switzerland: [Insecurity Insight. https://bit.ly/01-14Oct2025SDNHealth](https://bit.ly/01-14Oct2025SDNHealth)

